UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA

LARRY D. MITCHELL,)
Petitioner,)
VS.) 1:11-cv-1445-JMS-MJD
KEITH BUTTS, Superintendent,)
Respondent.)

Entry Directing Further Proceedings

The deferential review commanded by the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act ("AEDPA"), codified in part at 28 U.S.C. § 2254, applies to claims which the Indiana courts adjudicated on their merits. Pursuant to the AEDPA, "a federal court may issue a writ of habeas corpus only if the state court reached a decision that was either contrary to, or an unreasonable application of, clearly established federal law as determined by the Supreme Court." *Raygoza v. Hulick*, 474 F.3d 958, 963 (7th Cir. 2007) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 2254(d)(1); *Williams v. Taylor*, 529 U.S. 362, 404-06 (2000)).

Based on the foregoing, and based also on the fact that notice pleading does not suffice in an action for habeas corpus relief, see *Lloyd v. Van Natta*, 296 F.3d 630, 633 (7th Cir. 2002), the petitioner shall have **through December 21, 2011**, in which to **supplement** his petition for a writ of habeas corpus by supplying the following information:

- 1. As to each of the claims asserted in the petition, was it decided on the merits by the Indiana courts?
- 2. As to each of the claims decided on the merits by the Indiana courts, in what sense, if any, did the state court's adjudication (i) result in a decision that was contrary to clearly established Federal Law, as determined by the Supreme Court of the United States or (ii) result in a decision which was an unreasonable application of clearly established Federal Law, as determined by the Supreme Court of the United States?
- 3. As to each of the claims decided on the merits by the Indiana courts, in what sense, if any, the state court's adjudication resulted in a decision that was based on an unreasonable determination of the facts in light of the evidence presented in the state court proceeding?

The purpose of directing the petitioner to **supplement** his petition for writ of habeas corpus as directed above is to permit the petitioner to craft a habeas petition sufficient to support the relief he seeks and sufficient to survive the review required by Rule 4.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date:	12/01/2011	

Distribution:

Larry D. Mitchell No. 925971 Pendleton Correctional Facility 4490 West Reformatory Road Pendleton, IN 46064 Hon. Jane Magnus-Stinson, Judge United States District Court Southern District of Indiana